Objective	Comment	Achieved
<u>3A-1 Site Analysis</u>	The proposed excessive bulk and scale of the built forms show	No
Site analysis illustrates that design decisions have been based	desired future character of this locality	
on opportunities and constraints of the site conditions and their		
relationship to the surrounding context	The site is located on the edge of the Leppington Major Centre	
	residential area to the south with a lower height control. The	
	proposal should provide a transition to a lower built form in	
	terms of bulk and scale. The applicant should demonstrate an	
	envelopes around the subject site including the lots across	
	Ingleburn Road to the south. The study should also provide	
	sections across ingleburn Road, demonstrating the proposed built forms and potential building envelopes to the southern side	
	of Ingleburn Road as well as the adjoining 20m Residential	
2P.4. Orientation	Collector Road.	No
<u>3B-1 Orientation</u>	respond to the streetscape and site while optimising solar	INO
Building types and layouts respond to the streetscape and site	access within the development ", the proposal fails to meet this	
whilst optimising solar access within the development	objective as it has a significant self-overshadowing issue. The	
	frontage of Ingleburn Road. The orientation is not responding to	
	the desired active frontages envisaged in the DCP.	
	The ground floor residential lobbies of the proposed buildings	
	do not address Ingleburn Road and proposed road No.2. In	
	addition, the western building residential lobbles are all orientated to the communal open space area.	
<u>3B-2 Orientation</u>	The proposed building layout does not take advantage of the sites porthern orientation, with the communal open space area	No
Overshadowing of neighbouring properties is minimised during	located between two buildings and to the south of a basement	
mid-winter	entry.	

2D-1 Communal and Public Open Space	The streets including Ingleburn Road and the adjacent lots are overshadowed by the proposed development based on the shadow diagrams provided, which do not meet the objective of "overshadowing of neighbouring properties is minimised during mid-winter.	
SD-1 Communar and Fubile Open Space	Minimum requirement – $1425.75m^2$	
Design Criteria		
Communal open space has a minimum area equal to 25% of the site area	Proposed area – Ground – 590.4m ² Rooftop courtyard (Level 4) – 54m ² Total – 644m ² / 11.2%	No
Developments achieve a minimum of 50% direct sunlight to the principal usable part of the communal open space for a minimum of 2 hours between 9am and 3pm on 21 June (mid-winter)	The principal usable part of the communal open space is not identified upon the development plans. However, based on the shadow diagrams submitted with the application significant self- overshadowing of the communal open space area occurs and the application fails to demonstrate that this requirement is met.	No
	It is considered that the narrow open space area between the proposed buildings will not provide an adequate area for landscaping and congregating. In addition, no direct equitable access is provided to the communal open space area from building A.	
3E-1 Deep Soil Zones	Site Area – 5703m ²	
Design Criteria	Minimum dimensions – 6m	
Deep soil zones are to meet the following minimum requirements:	Proposed area – 613.045m² / 10.7% Minimum dimensions – 6m	Yes
Site area <650m ² 7% of site area	Deep soil zone areas are located around the perimeter of the buildings, however only the southern frontage adjacent to Ingleburn Road satisfies the minimum 6m dimension. In	

Site area 650m2-1 500m2	addition, the southern end of the communal open space area	
	calculated as a deep soil zone.	
Minimum dimensions of 3m and 7% of site area		
	Northern perimeter depth – 5.005m - 5.050m	
Site area >1,500m ²	Southern perimeter depth – 6m – 6.015m	
	Eastern perimeter depth – 4.5m	
Minimum dimensions of 6m and 7% of site area	Western perimeter depth – 4.755m – 4.84m	
Site area >1,500m ² with significant existing tree cover		
Minimum dimensions of 6m and 7% of site area		
3F-1 Visual Privacy		
······································		
Design Criteria	Building Separation between Building A and B	
Separation distance between windows and balconies is	Ground – 12m between habitable rooms	Yes
provided to ensure visual privacy is achieved. Minimum	1 st Floor – 12m between habitable rooms / balconies, however	Yes
requires separation distance from buildings to the side and rear	10.5m is proposed from stairwells.	N/
boundaries are as follows:	2 nd Floor – 12m between habitable rooms / balconies, however	Yes
Puilding up to 12m (1 storous)	2 rd Elect 12 rd between hebitable rooms (helechies hewever	Vee
	10 5m is proposed from stairwells	165
6m between habitable rooms and balconies. 3m between	4 th Floor – 12m between habitable rooms / balconies at the	No
non-habitable rooms	closest point. In addition, 12m is proposed from the communal	
	open space area located upon Building B.	
Building up to 25m (5-8 storeys)	5 th Floor – 12m between habitable rooms / balconies at the	No
	closest point. 10.5m is proposed from stairwells.	
9m between habitable rooms and balconies, 4.5m between	6 th Floor – 12m between habitable rooms / balconies at the	No
non-habitable rooms	closest point. 10.5m is proposed from stairwells.	
	Descend building conception is conceptly activity on the	
building over 25m (9+ storeys)	Proposed building separation is generally satisfactory on the	
12m between babitable rooms and balconics. 6m between	β iower levels (Ground to 3° noor). However, the minimum	
non-habitable rooms	fails to meet the minimum separation distance of 18 metres with	

Separation distances between buildings on the same site should combine required building separations depending on the type of room	the northern and southern ends of the development proposing 12m separation distances.	
Gallery access circulation should be treated as habitable space when measuring privacy separation distance between neighbouring properties	the 4 th floor communal open space area. Insufficient building separation distance will create significant visual privacy issue to future residents as well as decreased solar access to lower levels.	
	Building Separation between building B and the adjoining western property	
	Ground – 6.07m 1 st Floor – 6.005m 2 nd Floor – 6.005m 3 rd Floor – 6.005m 4 th Floor – 7.2m from the edge of balconies. 6.09m from the edge of planter boxes. 5 th Floor – 9.005m 6 th Floor – 9.005m The proposed building separation to the western adjoining property is generally compliant, with the exception of balconies / planter boxes upon the 4 th floor, which are 6.09m from the boundary. Balconies are proposed for the full length of the	Yes Yes Yes No Yes Yes
	western façade and do not satisfy the minimum separation distance of 9m and are considered unsatisfactory in this instance.	
<u>3F-2 Visual Privacy</u>		
Site and building design elements increase privacy without compromising access to light and air and balance outlook and views from habitable rooms and private open space	Visual privacy is compromised between balconies upon building A at the northern and southern ends of the building upon levels 1 to 6 and building B at the northern end of the building upon levels 1 to 3, where balconies of adjoining units are separated	No

	by approximately 4.4 metres without adequate screening to	
	retain privacy for individual units.	
<u>3G-1 Pedestrian Access and Entries</u>		
Building entries and pedestrian access connects to and addresses the public domain <u>3G-2 Pedestrian Access and Entries</u> Access, entries and pathways are accessible and easy to identify	The residential lift lobbies of the western building (building B) face the raised up communal open space area rather than facing the street directly. This is not acceptable as it reduces entry legibility, street activation and address. The proposed building's, shall be accessible directly from the streets (i.e. Ingleburn Road and Road No. 2). The proposed entries from the internal courtward are not acceptable	No
3H-1 Vehicle Access		
Strift vehicle Access Vehicle access points are designed and located to achieve safety, minimise conflicts between pedestrians and vehicles and create high quality streetscapes	The vehicular entry/driveway from Road No. 2 is exposed and is located between two buildings. The exposed basement ramp is considered to compromise the visual quality of the public domain and the ramp should be encapsulated into a built form. In addition, the proposed basement access width does not accommodate a 9.98m heavy rigid vehicle to allow for Council waste servicing of the site.	No
3J-1 Bicycle and Car Parking		
Design Criteria For development in the following locations:	The proposed development does not meet either of these locational criteria	N/A
• on sites that are within 800m of a railway station or light rail stop in the Sydney Metropolitan Area; or		
 on land zoned, and sites within 400m of land zoned, B3 Commercial Core, B4 Mixed Use or equivalent in a nominated regional centre 		
the minimum car parking requirement for residents and visitors		

is set out in the Guide to Traffic Generating Developments, or the car parking requirement prescribed by the relevant council, whichever less The car parking need for a development must be provided off-		
AA-1 Solar and Davlight Access		
Design Criteria Living rooms and private open spaces of at least 70% of apartments in a building receive a minimum of 2 hours direct sunlight between 9am and 3pm at mid-winter in the Sydney Metropolitan Area and in the Newcastle and Wollongong local government areas	Self-overshadowing is significant from the western building (building B) to the eastern building (building A), including over the common open space area located between the buildings. The proposed lower levels, including the ground floor subterranean units of building A along the 20m residential collector road are likely to be overshadowed by the building to the west (building B). In addition, the reduced floor to floor height (2.9m) on each level coupled with significant self-overshadowing will sacrifice solar access to the proposed units.	No. Insufficient information to confirm compliance.
	Insufficient details have been submitted with the application i.e. Sun-eye diagrams to demonstrate that the development meets the minimum requirements as claimed within the Statement of Environmental Effects. In addition, the proposed development has not considered the impact of overshadowing from the adjoining north eastern development proposed upon Lot 2 subject to DA/1471/2016. Shadow diagrams submitted with DA/1471/2016 reveal that the development proposed upon Lot 2 will overshadow the development proposed on Lot 1 – DA/1469/2016 from 9am to approximately 11am. The shadows are likely to impact lower levels facing the north west, which does not appear to have been considered with the application.	
A maximum of 15% of apartments in a building receive no direct sunlight between 9am and 3pm at mid-winter	14 / 278 – 5% (13 single aspect and 1 dual aspect) will receive no direct sunlight between 9am and 3pm at mid-winter. However, insufficient shadow diagram information has been provided to confirm whether any lower level single aspect units	Insufficient information to confirm compliance.

	located on the western side of building A are constantly overshadowed by building B to the west.	
	Image 1 – Shadow diagram at 9am submitted with DA/1471/2016. Note that no building form has been indicated	
	upon Lot 1 to the south west.	
4B-3 Natural Ventilation		
Design Criteria	112 / 178 Units (62.9%) are naturally cross ventilated.	Yes
At least 60% of apartments are naturally cross ventilated in the first nine storeys of the building. Apartments at ten storeys or greater are deemed to be naturally ventilated only if any enclosure of the balconies at these levels allows adequate natural ventilation can cannot be fully enclosed		
Overall depth of a cross-over or cross-through apartment does not exceed 18m, measured glass line to glass line	Max depth 14m	Yes

Apartment Design Guide Assessment Table

4C-1 Ceiling Heights		
Design Criteria	2.7m habitable rooms ceiling height.	Yes
Measured from finished floor level to finished ceiling level, minimum ceiling heights are:	As per figure 4C.5, which demonstrates that a 3.1m floor to floor height is required, the proposed development specifies a floor to floor height of 2.0m per cash floor.	
Habitable rooms		
2.7m		
Non-habitable rooms		
2.4m		
2 storey apartments		
2.7m for main living area floor		
2.4m for second floor, where its area does not exceed 50% of the apartment area		
Attic spaces		
1.8m at the edge of room with a 30 degree minimum ceiling slope		
If located in mixed use areas		
3.3m for ground and first floor to promote future flexibility of use		

4D-1 Apartment Size and Layout		
Design Criteria	All of the proposed apartments comply with the minimum areas required by the design criteria.	Yes
Apartments are required to have the following minimum internal areas:		
Studio		
35m ²		
<u>1 bedroom</u>		
50m ²		
<u>2 bedroom</u>		
70m ²		
<u>3 bedroom</u>		
90m ²		
The minimum internal areas include only one bathroom. Additional bathrooms increase the minimum internal area by 5m ² each.		
A fourth bedroom and further additional bedrooms increase the minimum internal area by 12m ² each		
Every habitable room must have a window in an external wall with a total minimum glass area of not less than 10% of the floor area of the room. Daylight and air may not be borrowed from other rooms	All habitable rooms have a window in an external wall. The requirements of ensuring that those windows have a total minimum glass area of not less than 10% of the floor area of the room could be satisfied with a condition.	Yes

4D-2 Apartment Size and Layout Design Criteria Habitable room depths are limited to a maximum of 2.5 x the ceiling height	The proposed habitable room ceiling heights are 2.7m. 2.5m x 2.7m = 6.75m maximum permitted habitable room depth. Proposed habitable rooms (excluding open plan combined living, dining and kitchens) have maximum depths less than 6.75m.	Yes
In open plan layout (where the living, dining and kitchen are combined) the maximum habitable room depth is 8m from a window	Proposed open plan combined living, dining and kitchens have maximum depths up to 8.4m from a window to the following units; A-002, A-013, A-102, A-113, A-202, A-213, A-302, A-313, A-402, A-413, A-502, A-513, A-602, A-613, B-002 and B-113.	No
4D-3 Apartment Size and Layout		
Design Criteria Master bedrooms have a minimum area of 10m ² and other bedrooms 9m ² (excluding wardrobe space)	All bedrooms achieve a minimum area of 9m ² (excluding wardrobe space).	Yes
Bedrooms have a minimum dimension of 3m (excluding wardrobe space)		
Living rooms or combined living/dining rooms have a minimum width of:	All living rooms of 1 bedroom apartments achieve the minimum width of 3.6m.	Yes
<u>1 bedroom apartments</u>	All living rooms of 2 and 3 bedroom apartments achieve the	Yes
3.6m	minimum width of 4m.	
2 or 3 bedroom apartments		
4m		
The width of cross-over or cross-through apartments are at least 4m internally to avoid deep narrow apartment layouts	All cross through apartments achieve the minimum width of 4m	Yes

Apartment Design Guide Assessment Table

4E-1 Private Open Space and Balconies		
Design Criteria	All ground floor apartments and proposed balconies comply with	Yes
All apartments are required to have primary balconies as follows:		
Studio apartments		
4m ²		
<u>1 bedroom apartments</u>		
8m ² with a minimum depth of 2m		
2 bedroom apartments		
10m ² with a minimum depth of 2m		
<u>3+ bedroom apartments</u>		
12m ² with a minimum depth of 2.4m		
For apartments at ground level or on a podium or similar structure, a private open space is provided instead of a balcony. It must have a minimum area of 15m ² and a minimum depth of 3m		

Apartment Design Guide Assessment Table

4F-1 Common Circulation and Spaces		
 Design Criteria The maximum number of apartments off a circulation core on a single level is eight For buildings of 10 storeys and over, the maximum number of apartments sharing a single lift is 40 	No more than 6 apartments on one level will have access off a circulation core.	Yes
4G-1 Common Circulation and Spaces		
Design CriteriaIn addition to storage in kitchens, bathrooms and bedrooms, the following storage is provided:Studio apartments4m³1 bedroom apartments6m³	The proposed unit types have identified storage rooms and volumes; however, the unit layouts of the floor plans contain no dimensions of the proposed storage rooms. In addition, it is noted within the SOEE that not all units are provided with the minimum requirement of providing at least 50% of the required storage within the apartment. No adequate justification has been provided to support this. External storage areas appear to exist within the basement, but are also not dimensioned or specified on the plans clearly of their purpose.	No
2 bedroom apartments		
8m³		
<u>3+ bedroom apartments</u>		
10m ³		
At least 50% of the required storage is to be located within the apartment		

11-1 Ground Floor Apartments		
Street frontage is maximized where ground floor apartments are located	None of the ground floor apartments have direct street access contrary to the requirements of the ADG.	No
4M-1 Facades		
Building facades provide visual interest along the street while respecting the character of the local area	The proposed building length over 80m is not acceptable. All continuous buildings of more than 30m to 40m are considered to be excessive and need to be broken up. This will also facilitate in improving the proposed blanket roofs for these long buildings.	No
	The proposed buildings lack articulation on all of the facades. In addition, the proposed development does not adopt quality materials to vary the finishes to create architectural interest, which is heavily reliant on the use of painted render. The development fails to provide a secondary setback into the design to provide breaks between the street wall height and the upper levels. Vertical elements and proper insets are also required to create breaks on the proposed facades every 20m to create visual interest to the facades of the development.	
4N-1 Roof Design		
Roof treatments are integrated into the building designed and positive respond to the streets	The development applies minimal variation to the height and form of the roof to break up the building massing. All of the proposed built forms have a flat roof.	No
4W-1 Waste Management		
Waste storage facilities are designed to minimise impacts on the streetscape, building entry and amenity of residents.	Waste and recycling storage areas are proposed within two designated areas upon basement level 1. The submitted traffic and parking assessment report advises that collection will be undertaken by Council's 6.4m small rigid truck or by a private contractor within the Waste Management Plan. In respect to the size of the vehicle, Council's waste vehicles are 9.98m heavy rigid vehicles.	No

	The development as proposed has not been designed to accommodate this larger vehicle (HRV) to provide a waste service for this development. In this regard, amended design details to accommodate a HRV such as; ramp width, access driveway width, ramp grades, maximum grade change, loading bay area, manoeuvring area, vertical height clearance and swept paths were requested, however these details have not been provided.	
	In addition, other waste management details were requested including; finished floor level of the waste storage areas and adjoining loading bay, waste and recycling bins and sizes of bins to be accurately reflected upon the architectural plans. Consideration of whether waste chutes would be provided within the development was also requested, however no further details in respect to waste management was submitted with the application.	
4X-3 Building Maintenance		
Material selection reduces ongoing maintenance costs	The proposed development does not adopt quality materials to vary the finishes to create architectural interest and reduce ongoing maintenance costs, which is heavily reliant on the use of painted render.	No